## MTH 1125-Test 2 (2pm Class)

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Name $\qquad$

Instructions. Show CLEARLY how you arrive at your answers.

1. Compute: $\frac{d}{d x}\left[2 x^{6}+3 x^{4}+8 x^{3}+12 x^{2}+20 x+40 \sqrt{x}+10\right]=$
2. Compute: $\frac{d}{d x}\left[\left(\sin (x)+8 x^{5}\right)(\cos (x)+4 x+2)\right]=$
3. Compute: $\frac{d}{d x}\left[\frac{3 x^{6}+6 x^{3}+18 x}{3 x^{3}+9 x+9}\right]=$
4. Compute: $\frac{d}{d x}\left[\left(5 x^{3}+6 x^{2}+9 x\right)^{15}\right]=$
5. Given that $f(x)=-2 x^{2}+3 x+3$, give the equation of the line tangent to the graph of $f(x)$ at the point $(2,1)$.
6. Given that $w=\tan (u)$ and that $u=3 t^{2}+3 t+3$; compute $\frac{d w}{d t}$ using the Liebniz form of the Chain Rule. (In particular, when doing this exercise, write explicitly the Liebniz form of the chain rule that you are going to use.)
7. Compute: $\frac{d}{d x}\left[\sec \left(3 x^{4}+6 x^{3}\right)\right]=$
8. Compute: $\frac{d}{d x}\left[\left(\frac{4 x^{3}+6 x}{4 x^{4}+8 x^{2}+16}\right)^{10}\right]=$
9. Compute: $\frac{d}{d x}\left[\sin ^{12}\left(x^{3}+3 x^{2}\right)\right]=$
10. Given that $5 x^{4}-x^{4} y^{4}=\tan (y), \quad$ compute $\frac{d y}{d x}$
11. Given that $f(x)=6 x^{2}-8 x+4$, compute $f^{\prime}(x)$ using the definition of derivative. (i.e., using the "limit process.")

## Extra (Wow! 10 Points)

Given that $L^{\prime}(x)=\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^{2}+1}}$ (i.e., $\frac{d}{d x}[L(x)]=\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^{2}+1}}$ ); compute $\frac{d}{d x}[L(\tan (x))]$

